

Oficina d'Accés a la Universitat

# Proves d'accés a la universitat

Convocatòria 2016

# Llengua estrangera **Anglès**

Sèrie 1 - A

	Qualificació	Etiqueta de qualificació					
Comprensió escrita							
Redacció							
Comprensió oral							
Etiqueta identificadora de l	tificadora de l'alumne/a						
Ubicació del tribunal							
Número del tribunal							

#### STARTING EARLY

One night, 18-year-old Ritesh Agarwal was locked out of his apartment in Delhi. It was an unfortunate minor incident that would change his life. Forced to check into a hotel, he found himself in a situation he had already experienced several times while travelling in India. "The receptionist was sleeping, electrical **sockets** did not work, the bathroom was leaking, and at the end they wouldn't let me pay by card. I felt if this was my problem, this had to be a problem for many travellers. Why can't India have a good standard of hotel rooms at a reasonable price?" he says.

Four years later, at the age of 22, Mr Agarwal is the founder and chief executive of Oyo Rooms, a network of 3,000 hotels operating in 140 cities across India, with monthly **revenues** of \$3.5 million and 1,500 employees. The firm works with independent hotels to improve their **facilities** and train staff, renames them with the Oyo **brand**, and from then on takes a percentage of the hotel's revenues. The owner of the hotel benefits from a higher occupancy rate, thanks to the new brand name. As part of the business, Mr Agarwal has also developed an app, which guests can use to book rooms, get directions to the hotel and order room service.

Despite such rapid growth, he says the early days were "extremely difficult." "Nobody would believe this could be a technology business in the future," he says. But some people did believe in him. The idea won him a **fellowship** which pays for 20 teenagers to stop studying and set up a business instead. He used the money from the fellowship to start the business.

The firm launched in 2013 with just \$900 a month, working with one hotel near Delhi. "I used to be the manager, engineer, receptionist, and I also delivered stuff in hotel rooms," says Mr Agarwal. "At night I would write codes to develop our app and improve our website. But at the same time I was also building strong teams because I wanted the project to grow."

The only way he could persuade investors was to show them just how bad some **budget hotels** in India were. "I took our first investor to our hotel and to other hotels where there were many problems. He saw the conviction in us and agreed we could make a difference," recalls Mr Agarwal. Now that the business has grown, it has become much easier to attract investors, including banks.

Mr Agarwal's journey from college **dropout** to business owner may seem smooth, but he admits starting a business at 17 was not easy. "Normal things like getting a bank account or hiring staff were more challenging. Some people also saw my age as a chance to take advantage, but I met some very good people, too. Overall, my experience was quite positive," he says.

He has ambitious plans for the firm, which he wants to expand abroad. Currently, his focus is on making improvements based on customer feedback and he is optimistic about expanding the company at home, saying India's increasing smartphone and internet penetration offers "huge potential."

For those keen to emulate his success, his advice—unsurprisingly—is to "start early." "Start really fast and, if you fail, you will learn and the chances of success in the next venture will increase," he says.

Text adapted from BBC News (September 6, 2015)

socket: endoll / enchufe
revenue: benefici / beneficio

facilities: installacions / instalaciones

**brand**: marca **fellowship**: beca

budget hotel: hotel de baix cost / hotel de bajo coste

dropout: persona que abandona els estudis / persona que abandona los estudios

## Part 1: Reading comprehension

Choose the best answer according to the text. Only ONE answer is correct.

[4 points: 0.5 points for each correct answer. Wrong answers will be penalized by deducting 0.16 points. There is no penalty for unanswered questions.]

			Espai per al corrector/a		
			Correcta	Incorrecta	No contestada
1.	Ritesh Agarwal got the idea to start his own busine  when he was travelling around India.  when he couldn't pay by credit card in a hotel.  when he saw that travellers were having proble  when he couldn't enter his flat one night.				
2.	Mr Agarwal's company  □ buys and sells unbranded hotels.  □ mainly develops apps for hotel guests.  □ benefits from other hotels' occupancy rates.  □ improves hotels and gives them its brand.				
3.	The beginning of Oyo Rooms was difficult because  ☐ few people thought this business had a future.  ☐ some people thought technology was not a goo  ☐ Agarwal's fellowship demanded that he stopped  ☐ the money from the fellowship was not enough	d business. d studying.			
4.	Which sentence is NOT true? In his first hotel, Mr  ☐ had to do all sorts of jobs. ☐ was in charge of the hotel's website and app. ☐ already had the idea to make the project big. ☐ had a team of people to work for him.	Agarwal			
5.	The investors were convinced  ☐ when they compared an Oyo hotel to other, un ☐ when they saw that all Indian hotels had many ☐ after the banks were also interested in the proje ☐ after seeing budget hotels that were as good as	problems. ect.			
6.	Mr Agarwal admits that  ☐ he couldn't open any bank accounts in the begi ☐ everyone took advantage of his young age. ☐ leaving college at seventeen was easier than it n ☐ his experiences with good people exceeded the	night have seemed.			
7.	At present, Mr Agarwal  ☐ is expanding his hotel network to other countrice ☐ pays little attention to customer feedback. ☐ is improving the potential of smartphones for hopes to expand in India thanks to the wider under the countries of the c	nis business.			
8.	His advice to other people is to start a business you if you fail, what you learn will be useful for you it is easier for young people to find investors to studying is the key to success in the business w if you fail, you still have time to go back to school if you fail.	er next attempt.  support their ideas. orld.			
			Correctes	Incorrectes	No contestades
		Recompte de les respostes			
		Nota de comprensió escrita			

#### Part 2: Writing

Choose ONE topic. Write about number 1 or 2. Minimum length: 100 words. [4 points]

- 1. Imagine that you have set up a successful business before the age of 25. Write a biography of yourself and include a description of the company and the steps you took to make the company successful.
- 2. In many places, such as Canada and most states in the United States, the minimum driving age is 16. The legal driving age for automobiles in most European countries is 18. Write an opinion essay about lowering the legal driving age in Spain to 16. Your essay should mention both some advantages and some disadvantages of lowering the driving age.

Grammar	
Vocabulary	
Text	
Maturity	
Total	
Nota de la redacció	

#### Part 3: Listening comprehension

#### **BUILDING FOR A BETTER WORLD**

In the following conversation you are going to hear some new words. Read and listen to them. Make sure you know what they mean.

environment: medi ambient / medio ambiente sustainable: sostenible soil: sòl / suelo damage: espatllar / estropear pavements: voreres / aceras renewable: renovable

### Ready?

Now read the questions on the following page. Read them carefully before listening to the conversation.

**Interviewer**: Last year a new building project located outside Amsterdam started. It's called the 20/20 Park Project. The idea is to have buildings that have a positive, beneficial impact on the **environment**. We asked the architect, Mr Zicari, to discuss the 20/20 Park Project with us.

[Now listen to the interview.]

## **QUESTIONS**

Choose the best answer according to the recording. Only ONE answer is correct.

[2 points: 0.25 points for each correct answer. Wrong answers will be penalized by deducting 0.08 points. There is no penalty for unanswered questions.]

			Espai per al corrector/a		rector/a
			Correcta	Incorrecta	No contestada
1.	Where did the idea of building for a better world co  ☐ It is an evolution from his interest in green arcl ☐ It originated in Ireland where the first solar hou ☐ It came from a group of students at Yale Unive ☐ It came from a NASA theory when designing a	nitecture. use was built. rsity.			
2.	<ul> <li>What is the difference between green architecture a of architecture?</li> <li>Green architecture cares for the environment a tries to improve it.</li> <li>His architecture is more popular than green architecture takes care of the materials we harchitecture does not.</li> <li>Green architecture is continuously improving a never changes.</li> </ul>	nd his architecture chitecture. build with and green			
3.	What is the most important part of a project for M:  ☐ The location of the buildings.  ☐ The time needed for construction.  ☐ The person's well being.  ☐ The things that are thrown away.	r Zicari?			
4.	<ul> <li>What did Mr Zicari worry about when he started th</li> <li>☐ He was concerned about people who put the end on purpose.</li> <li>☐ He was only worried about the soil and the wat</li> <li>☐ He wanted to give something back to the environment of the wanted to sell all the houses in the development.</li> </ul>	er. conment in danger er. conment.			
5.	Which of these sentences is NOT correct?  ☐ People living in the buildings find them comfor ☐ All the buildings in the project are complete. ☐ Mr Zicari thinks the project is a big success. ☐ The financial crisis does not seem to have affect				
6.	Which of these things about green architecture is N in the text?  ☐ Green roofs.  ☐ Permeable pavements.  ☐ Green infrastructures.  ☐ Green façades.	IOT mentioned			
7.	Which are the most important things in the 20/20 I  ☐ Quality and beauty. ☐ Beauty and energy. ☐ Biodiversity and clean energy. ☐ Business and quality.	Park Project?			
8.	What is Mr Zicari's ultimate goal?  ☐ To earn a lot of money. ☐ To build for rich people. ☐ To try to change the world a little bit. ☐ To make people rich.				
		December 1.1	Correctes	Incorrectes 1	No contestades
		Recompte de les respostes			
		Note de comprensió oral			

Etiqueta del corrector/a			
Etiqueta identificadora de l'al	umne/a		
Enquota idontinoduora de l'ai	ωππο/α		



